

POSTER PRESENTATION

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# 3D renal modeling classifies BHD as a ciliopathy, possibly responsive to treatment with PTC124

S Basten<sup>1\*</sup>, K Haidari<sup>1</sup>, G Slaats<sup>1</sup>, M Steensel van<sup>2</sup>, R Giles<sup>1</sup>

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Ciliopathy is a general term applied to diseases that originate from ciliary dysfunction, which often coincide with renal cyst development. Any syndrome displaying renal cysts, such as folliculin (FLCN) in Birt-Hogg-Dube (BHD) syndrome, might therefore be suspected as a novel ciliopathy. Indeed, FLCN localizes to the primary cilium. To study ciliopathies in detail, we set up a renal 3D culture system using IMCD3 cells that physiologically mimic polarized renal tubuli. SiFlcn was assayed in this system, identifying several affected processes; 1) Reduction of ciliation in vitro and in vivo. 2) Increase in cell volume. 3) Increase of mis-oriented cell divisions. These results suggest Flcn functions in cilia stability/ciliogenesis and planar cell polarity (PCP) regulation. PCP signaling is a form of non-canonical Wnt signaling subjected to ciliary regulation. Accordingly, whereas  $\beta$ -catenin is normally present in the axoneme, this is never observed upon Flcn depletion and Wnt signaling appears increased as downstream effector Axin2 is stabilized. This suggests a switch from PCP to canonical signaling. Notably, upon ectopic GFP-FLCN expression, but not the non-functional allele p.L508R, cilia become stabilized, accompanied by an accumulation of both GFP-FLCN and  $\beta$ -catenin in the cilium. The second most common mutant FLCN allele is p.T463X; forced read-through with pharmaceutical agent PTC124, targeting nonsense-mediated decay, was tested and showed a robust response as protein expression appears fully restored. We suggest that BHD regulates ciliary function in a 3D polarized cell assay, and PTC124 might be a simple therapy for the second most frequent allele in BHD carriers.

#### Author details

<sup>1</sup>University Medical Center Utrecht, the Netherlands. <sup>2</sup>University Medical Center Maastricht, the Netherlands.

\* Correspondence: s.g.basten@umcutrecht.nl

<sup>1</sup>University Medical Center Utrecht, the Netherlands

Full list of author information is available at the end of the article

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