Cilia

POSTER PRESENTATION

Open Access

The role of Rabconnectin3a in cilia length regulation

B Tavares*, P Pintado, SS Lopes

From Cilia 2014 - Second International Conference Paris, France. 18-21 November 2014

Background

Using the zebrafish mutant for the *deltaD* gene (*dla*^{-/-}), it was shown the involvement of Notch signaling in the control of cilia length in the cells of the fish laterality organ (Kupffer's Vesicle, KV) [1]. Further research based on KV specific microarray screening allowed the discovery of several genes with differential expression. Of these, 23% were associated with ciliogenesis and upon analysis, many proved to be involved in cellular trafficking.

Rabconnectin3a or rbcn3a was strongly downregulated in dld^{-/-} KV cells. Homologs of this gene have been associated with Notch signaling in Drosophila and mammalian cells through the regulation of the V-ATPase activity [2,3]. Rbcn3a had also been associated with vesicular acidification in zebrafish hair cells [4] and with vesicular endocytosis and maturation in zebrafish neural crest migration [5].

Objective

We investigated the role of Rbcn3a in cilia length regulation.

Methods

We used a Morpholino against *rbcn3a* and fluorescent confocal imaging to explore cilia length. Furthermore we observed the consequences of reduced Rbcn3a in organ *situs* by ISH. We also performed rescue experiments by injecting *rbcn3a* full length mRNA at 1-cell stage *dld*^{-/-} KO mutants.

Results

We showed that the downregulation of *rbcn3a* negatively regulates cilia length and that this can be rescued by *rbcn3a* overexpression in *dld*^{-/-} embryos.

CEDOC, Chronic Diseases Research Center, NOVA Medical School / Faculdade de Ciências Médicas, Universidade Nova de Lisboa, Campo Dos Mártires Da Pátria, 130, 1169-056 Lisbon, Portugal

Conclusion:

The ciliary phenotype in *dld*^{-/-} mutants is partially due to the downregulation of *rbcn3a*. Our hypothesis is that a generalized decrease in endocytic acidification, by deregulating the V-ATPase activity, results in shorter cilia.

Published: 13 July 2015

References

- Lopes SS, Lourenco R, Pacheco L, Moreno N, Kreiling J, Saude L: Notch signalling regulates left-right asymmetry through ciliary length control. Development 2010, 137(21):3625-3632.
- Yan Y, Denef N, Schupbach T: The vacuolar proton pump, V-ATPase, is required for notch signaling and endosomal trafficking in Drosophila. Dev Cell 2009. 17(3):387-402.
- Sethi N, Yan Y, Quek D, Schupbach T, Kang Y: Rabconnectin-3 is a functional regulator of mammalian Notch signaling. J Biol Chem 2010, 285(45):34757-34764.
- Einhorn Z, Trapani JG, Liu Q, Nicolson T: Rabconnectin 3α promotes stable activity of the H+ pump on synaptic vesicles in hair cells. J Neurosci 2012, 32(32):11144-11156.
- Tuttle A, Hoffman TL, Schilling TF: Rabconnectin-3α regulates vesicle endocytosis and canonical Wnt signaling in zebrafish neural crest migration. PLoS Biol 2014, 12(5):e1001852.

doi:10.1186/2046-2530-4-S1-P70

Cite this article as: Tavares *et al.*: The role of Rabconnectin3a in cilia length regulation. *Cilia* 2015 4(Suppl 1):P70.

Submit your next manuscript to BioMed Central and take full advantage of:

- Convenient online submission
- Thorough peer review
- No space constraints or color figure charges
- Immediate publication on acceptance
- Inclusion in PubMed, CAS, Scopus and Google Scholar
- Research which is freely available for redistribution

Submit your manuscript at www.biomedcentral.com/submit



